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What is Grace?

Main Verses: ```html

- Colossians 2:13
- Colossians 2:14
- Jude 1:4
- Matthew 25:31
- Matthew 7:21
- Matthew 7:23
- Galatians 5:4

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Message Given: Mar 14th, 2016

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This is possibly one of my favorite messages I've ever been able to study out. Because we talk about grace a lot, right? I mean, grace is important to our faith in Yeshua. Yes, it is, Matthew. Okay. Grace is very important, but I'm going to suggest that the grace... that we're familiar with. This term that we throw around a lot is not something that we fully understand in a biblical sense. In other words, I was taught that grace was synonymous with mercy. And although mercy can be grace, grace can encapsulate so many other things than simply mercy. It's very interesting because when we look at grace in the New Testament, do you guys know in the Greek Roman Empire, grace, charis, was actually a secular word, it was not a religious word. It symbolized a relationship that you had with someone else. And there was a structure to this relationship. And in a grace and a heres relationship with someone, the two people that were in this relationship would communicate with each other and further this

relationship and reciprocate this relationship with one another through something called "pistis" or "pistos" is faith or faithfulness. So you would have faith in the grace with the relationship you had with someone. I know, confused everybody. Before I go any further, I wanted to tell you a story that happened to me about a year, year and a half ago, maybe longer than that. My mother and I were driving in her Kia Sorento. down a highway in TK or Fort Miller somewhere and I think we're going out to Waxhaw or something and it was a it was a 55 mile an hour zone and so of course I was going above that and As we were driving we passed a sign that said 45 miles an hour the speed limit had dropped from 55 miles per hour into a 45 miles an hour I did not see said sign that said the speed limit had changed and I'm very thankful to the state trooper that pulled me over because he sure did and he reminded me of that. Blue lights going on behind me, look in the mirror, anybody get that like tight feeling in their stomach whenever they have a cop turn on the lights, you know, the blue lights and oh anxious, I don't get that anymore. I just kind of put my blinker on, pulled over, it doesn't affect me anymore. And the state trooper got out of his car, big guy, hat, pristine uniform, comes to the window and of course the first question, do you know why I pulled you over? I do not. You were speeding. I said I was speeding. I thought I was going to speed limit. 55 zone. No sir, it turned into a 45 zone. Alright, well 45, you know, how fast was I going? A 63 and a 45. I was eligible for a ticket at that point. And so I promptly, knowing my scriptures, I promptly alerted the officer that I was no longer under the law and I was under grace and that he could, thank you for doing his job, and I will ask forgiveness and I will go on my way. It doesn't work like that, unfortunately. He saw that my mother was in the car, he looked at me after my license registration, the whole shebang, and proceeded back to his vehicle where he would ride up my nice ticket. Grace. Grace. Colossians chapter 2 says something. In verse 13 and 14 it says, See, Paul is writing to, of course, a bunch of Gentiles in a relatively pagan community. And he's starting to talk about grace. And he starts off, he's basically saying, listen, God has forgiven you for your sins. blotting out the handwriting of ordinances that was against us, which was contrary to us and took it out of the way, nailing it to the cross. If you don't get anything else from the rest of this message, I want you to get this point. All scholars agree that this word for blotting out the handwriting of ordinances is a legal term, to a term that denotes a handwritten certificate of indebtedness. In other words, you get a ticket and it's proof that you have a debt to pay because you've done something wrong. See, not many people realize, we know of two things that were nailed to the cross on that day in Golgotha. We know one was our Savior, and the second was a sign that went above his head that declared him King of the Jews, and so on and so forth. There was a third thing that was nailed to that cross, and this is what Paul is trying to portray here. That third thing was the things in your life that you are condemned by. The things in your life that have been written down against you, legally, you must pay for them. The things in your life that you know you're thinking about right now, the sins that you have paraded around in your life. The problem with these things, the problem with sins, the problem with breaking God's commandment is that it separates you from God. That's exactly what happened in the garden. On that day, on the cross, that certificate that is against you Was nailed to the cross. Blotted out. In other words. See we have this idea. Especially in Hebrew roots. We love to harp on the condemnation of God towards man. Because we know that the nations will be judged. And we know that we're going to be judged one day. And we know judgment's coming. But guys. Scripture says that he did not come to condemn. He came to save. That's exactly what Paul is trying to reaffirm with people. We've all sinned. We've all missed the speed limit sign. We've all done nasty, disgusting things that we wish we could take back. But that is not the state

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that you are currently living in. If you have accepted Yeshua, you're living in a state wherethat
was blotted out and now you're living in newness and you've been raised to life with Messiah.
This is grace. Another New Living Translation puts it, "...he canceled the record of the charges
  against us and took it away by nailing it to the cross." I hear a lot of Hebrew teachers out
there that just like to skip over this verse because I don't know why. I think this is a compelling
verse and I love being reminded of the mercy that my God has for me that I am not deserving
 of. We're speaking about grace today. And as we go through grace, I'm going to attempt to
define grace biblically. I'm going to attempt to give a function to grace, mechanical functions.
  You guys know I like to mechanically understand things like the crucifixion, like the blood
manipulation ceremonies in Leviticus 4 through 6, so on and so forth. I like to understand the
mechanics of how things work. Grace is more than just a favor. Grace is more than just mercy.
    It's something, well, we'll get to that in a minute. One thing grace is not. Grace is not a
 no-strings-attached relationship. This is, when I was growing up, and some of the churches I
attended growing up, grace was basically a free pass, if you will. Does anyone know what I'm
 talking about? Grace means that if you sin, even if you deliberately sin, then you just ask for
  forgiveness and God will give you grace, and bloop, you're good to go, right? A little reset
  button on the remote control. Anyone who played video games, you get a really bad score
    and you start over, reset, bloop. Grace. This is not grace. This is a figment of someone's
imagination. And I was also taught that there was no real relationship involved with this type
 of grace. And when I say that, I did not need to have a relationship with God in order to get
   that grace that if I continue sinning and use grace as a license of immorality, there is no
connection there with God. You see the writer of the book of Jude goes into this, he says, "For
   certain men whose condemnation was written about long ago have secretly slipped in
    among you. They are godless men who change the grace of our God into a license of
  immorality and deny Jesus Christ as our sovereign and Lord." How many of you guys were
taught that that's grace? More or less. Maybe, maybe not. That was my experience. Scripture
   tends to differ significantly. In the first century, we're going to look at a few authors here
coming up. Seneca the Younger, I think I have his quotes in here. Aristotle. Grace was defined
in a relationship. How many of you guys have ever heard the term patronage or patron-client
relationships? It's not a term we use often. We really don't have that type. We don't use those
 terms in our society. So let me put it this way. In the first century, go back a couple hundred
 years, In the Roman Empire, it was, you hear them talk about the 1% a lot in America, right?
  Well, back then it was like the 3%. I think it was 3% of the population held about 95% of the
   wealth. It was a true oligarchy, if you will. And what would happen is, the wealthy or the
people who could do something for the community accepted that as their responsibility. So if
there was ever a disaster in ancient Rome, right, and a whole bunch of buildings got knocked
 down in the city, it would be the rich that would come and they would give income to build
  buildings, to build restructure stuff. If your farm got flooded or whatnot and you came to a
rich friend of yours or whatnot, "Hey, can you help me rebuild my plantation?" He would give
    out of his heart to you. And you had a choice whether to accept this gift or not. If you
accepted the gift, you now accepted a favor. And what happens if someone does you a favor?
   What do you do? You owe them one, right? This is how grace, patronage, and clientele
worked in the first century. If you needed something done, and you did not have the means to
 do it, there's no possible way that you could get out of this debt, you could petition someone
   to be your patron. And if they chose to offer you a gift, they would give the gift from their
   heart. They would not expect it to be returned. And if you accepted it, you would be their
  client. Now as a client in a patron-client relationship, something beautiful happens. Even
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though you cannot pay them back for what the favor, the favor that they've done for you, you can pay them back with honor. You can reciprocate favors and blessings back to them. Anyone ever watched any type of Roman TV shows or movies depicted where they have like marketplace scenes and you always see someone rich, like a rich Roman walking through the marketplace and he always has like three or four guys behind him, almost looks like servants, but they're not servants. These are his clients. They're following him through the marketplace to give him honor, to make him look like he's esteemed because they want to reciprocate a favor back to him. This is how the first century worked in the Roman Empire. You couldn't just go to the bank and get a loan, right? but you could go find a patron. "Great prestige" is a quote from a book written by Julian Pitt Rivers. "Great prestige attaches to a good reputation as a neighbor Everyone would like to be in credit with everybody and those who show reluctance to lend a hand when they are asked to do so soon acquire a bad reputation which is commented by innuendo. Those who fail to return the favor done to them come to be excluded from the system altogether. Those of good repute can be sure of compliance on all sides. Remember when we spoke about honor and shame in the first century? Everybody remember that Saving Face series? Everything was about honor, everything was about shame. When you walked out your door, the game began. And you either were viewed honorably by everyone in the community or you were viewed shamefully. Now you could gain honor by doing something, being a big hero, rescuing a child from a burned building, you know, honor. Or maybe your father was wealthy and you gained honor from him. That's why Pilate asked Yeshua, "Who are you?" He wanted to know, "Where are you from?" He wanted to know what honor he had. He was coming in with the authority to claim the things that he did during his trial. What better way to gain honor than to appear generous in a community? Right? And if you appear generous in a community, then you would have more clients. And the more clients that you had, the more clients you could regulate, the more respect you gained in that community. Guys, I'm going to make a case, a petition, to suggest that every single place you see grace in the New Testament, and every single time you see the word faith, it has to do with a patron-client relationship. There's a couple sources, you know, I'm part of the Wisdom and Torah Talmudim team, and About two or three years ago, I guess, we started reading this book together. Ryan White, Daniel McGurr, myself, Tyler Rosenquist. Honor, patronage, kingship, and purity. Unlocking New Testament culture by David A. DeSilva. If you have any interest in understanding the culture surrounding the New Testament, highly recommend this book. Okay? I know Ryan has done this message a little bit more in-depth than me on his website. Check it out, rootedintheTorah.com. This message has changed my life because if we can understand that every single favor that we receive from someone requires us to respond with gratitude, then it can change the way you walk, not only in your faith, but at your job and in your home. Anyone ever pulled a favor and got you a job, right? Something you couldn't do. Let's say you weren't qualified enough. And someone said, "Listen, I'm going to get you a job, but I'm not qualified. It says here in the application, I need a four-year degree or something of another. It's okay, I'll get you in. Just give me your application." Every time you pass that person at work in the hall, you give them a little smile, don't you? If you go in the break room and someone's talking bad about them, you don't let that fly, right? You wouldn't even be there if it wasn't for them. You're going to stand up for their reputation. When everyone asks, "Hey, what's your opinion about this guy?" "He's awesome. Most generous guy I know. He's wonderful." Even if he's a jerk, he did you a favor. You got to, right? If he ever asked you for a favor, "Hey, can you come help me move this weekend?" What would you do? "Yeah, man, I wouldn't even, I wouldn't have a home if it

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wasn't for you." There are three major steps when coming into a patron-client relationship.
  The patron is, of course, always at the top because he has the blessings, he has the favors
that he can give. And a patron would offer you a gift, and you had a choice whether to receive
 this gift or not. You could reject the gift and not have to pay back honor and not have to pay
 back gratitude. Clean slate. But if you accepted the gift, you are now locked in as the client.
  Now as the client, you are required to reciprocate gratitude and honor and anything the
patron asks of you back up to him. This creates a reciprocal relationship. Let's see here. What
is patron-client relationships? Forgot I had this slide. A patron is one who is initiating favor or
  gifts, assistance to someone out of poor intentions with no expectation of return. A client
  would receive this gift, favor, and he would then respond with gratitude and homage. This
cycle was a reciprocal cycle of grace, completing and beginning anew. I think I have, here we
go. This concept was so well known in ancient Greece that they deified the concept. Okay, you
   know in ancient world you just make a god out of anything, right? In Egypt, justice and
  mercy. You gotta have a god. Ma'at, little feather and everything, right? In ancient Greece,
  they had these deified figures known as the Three Graces. Has anyone ever heard of these
girls? A few people? Don't Google image search Three Graces with your kids in the room. This
  is not what they really look like. They're not clothed, typically, the statues and everything.
Three naked women dancing around. Greeks loved the body. But this was a modest picture I
    found. And this perfectly depicts a cycle in a grace relationship. You have one girl that
represents the patron and she's giving a gift down. The second girl in the dance going round
 and round together is the girl that represents accepting this gift, this favor from the patron.
   And the third girl in the unity circle represents reciprocating honor back to the first and
around and around and around they go. As long as you keep reciprocating honor back to the
 patron, he will be more inclined to give you more blessings and favors in your future. And if
you choose to respect those, then you dance around again. I have here a circle of grace. This
 is not the circle of trust. This is the circle of grace. Once again, patrons at the top, right? And
what's a patron do? What's he give? A favor. Client, are you going to receive this favor? If you
 choose to receive this favor, what is your job now? Payback gratitude. Very simple concept.
You guys have grabbed onto this. Children in the room, teens, young adults, your parents are
your patrons. And guess what? By living in that house, by eating that food, by accepting that
  Nintendo, right, and playing it, you accepted and locked yourself in as a client. And guess
what you get to do now? Gratitude. Honor. If your parents need help with something, let's say,
oh, I need you to go out and mow the lawn. Yes, ma'am. Yes, sir. Because I got a house to live
 in and you're my patron. Right? It's a patron-client relationship. At your job, your boss is kind
  of like a patron. Your friends that go out of their way to make sure that you have what you
   need. You know that one time when you had a flat tire on the side of the road? And you
called your one friend, you know the only one who had a jack big enough to lift your truck up
or whatnot, and he was in Georgia working, and he drove all the way over to help you change
 that tire? Guess what? You could, not formally I guess, but you could view that as a patron
relationship that you're not locked into. Now you love each other, right? It's not like you're his
  servant. It's not a servant master relationship, but you owe him one. And you're going, you
   know, next time you go to a bar or restaurant, you're going to buy him a beer, you know,
 something. You're going to reciprocate honor back to the people who have done you favors,
  specifically favors that you can no way pay back. Circle of Grace. We're going to show this
slide like four times throughout this message, so just get used to it. Once the client receives a
  gift from the patron, they are locked into a relationship and the client is now known as a
friend of the patron. We have a lot of writings throughout the Greek and Roman era where it
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talks about so-and-so is my friend, my friend, my friend. Why is he your friend? Well, I mean, of course he's your friend. My best bud, Jason, Brad, so on and so forth. No, if they're your friend, it means that you're in a relationship, a patron relationship. You wonder why Yeshua uses this term in John 15, 13, and 14. Greater love has no other than this, that he lay his life down for his friends. You are my friends if you keep my commandments. You are my friends if you keep my commandments. Aristotle, writing about this very relationship between a patron and a client, states this. This was not something that was religious per se. This was a very secular concept in the culture. James chapter 2, 21 through 23. Was not our father Abraham considered righteous for what he did when he offered his son Isaac on the altar? You see that faith, faithfulness of a client. How many of you guys know every time you see that word faith, you could also translate as faithfulness, right? Faith the size of a mustard seed or move a mountain. Faithfulness. A little bit of faithfulness can move mountains. I think it'll move. No, go grab a shovel. It'll move. A little bit of faithfulness can move mountains. It doesn't take much for you to act on your faith, your faithfulness. You see that his faith and his actions were working together and his faith was made complete by what he did. What did he do? What did he do? Offered his son up, right? And the scripture was fulfilled that says Abraham believed God and it was credited to him as righteousness and he was called God's friend. God made a covenant with Abraham. Abraham said, "Alright." God said, "I'm gonna give you all this land." "Alright." And at one point Abraham looked up and said, "God, I need a son." "I can't have a son. With my wife, we can't have a son together." "This is not something I can accomplish." "Don't worry about that. I'm gonna give you a son." God's fixing to act as a patron to Abraham. Gave him a son. Abraham accepted that gift. Will Abraham reciprocate honor, blessing, or favors back to God if God asks? Abraham, you love your son, right? Yeah, he's great. I want you to go sacrifice him to me. Abraham had a choice. He could break the relationship and not reciprocate the favor or honor or request back up to his patron, or he could act in faith, the faithfulness back to his patron, or and be a friend of God. And that's exactly what he did. Of course we know that, "Man, Abraham, your faithfulness is awesome. You have proved it this day. Here's the lamb stuck in a bush. Kill that. The covenant's going to pass on to your son." Right? 2 Corinthians 12:9, "But he said to me, 'My grace is sufficient for you, for my power is made perfect in weakness." What were we just talking about? Patrons offer favors to people who what? Can't do it themselves. Lacking something weak poor my grace is sufficient for you. My power is seen through brokenness and weakness Therefore I will boast all the more gladly about my weaknesses so that Christ's power may rest on me That is why for Christ's sake I delight in weaknesses and insults and hardships and persecutions and difficulties for when I am weak I am made strong What Paul is declaring here is he's saying that God's grace is sufficient enough for every single one of you in here. God's grace is going to be able to pay the debt that you owe. God's grace will be able to redeem you. God's grace, you're struggling with that thing in your life and you don't think you can ever get over it and what are you ever going to do? And you're just, ah, I am a wretched, weak person. and there's no way I can ever recover from this spiritual state of this thing in my life. You haven't seen God's grace yet. Allow God's grace to work in your life and you will see the power of God come in your life and you will see the strength come in your life to be rebuilt from weakness to strength, obtaining something that you could not do on your own. But if you accept this grace, then now you're locked into a relationship with God. How many of you guys say thank you to God in your prayers? That should always be done. Always. We talked about, was it one out of ten? We did that last Thanksgiving, talking about being thankful. It's important because if we are not thankful, if we're not grateful to God for what he's given us through his

grace, we're going to see what Paul says about people like that here in a few minutes. Ephesians 2:6, "And God raised us up with Christ and seated us with him in the heavenly realms in Christ Jesus in order that in the coming ages he might show the incomparable riches of his grace." expressed in his kindness to us in Christ Jesus. For it is by grace that you have been saved through faithfulness, and this not from yourselves, it is a gift from God. Not by works, so that no man can boast, for we are God's workmanship created in Messiah Yeshua to do good works which God prepared in advance for us. We are saved through grace, right? I wonder if I have that verse in this. Do we have it in here? Oh, come on. Yeah, okay. I just want to make sure we touch it. If you would turn with me to Luke chapter 7. I forgot to put this in the slides and that's okay. I want to show you where this is actually functioning in the society. Is everyone keeping up? All right. I know, history, boring history. So Luke chapter 7, and everyone's familiar with the centurion servant, right? Centurion servant, sick, gonna die, and he wants to go ask Yeshua to heal him, right? And And so starting, let's see here, in verse 1. Now, when he concluded all of his sayings, the time of Yeshua, in hearing of the people, he entered Capernaum. And a certain centurion's servant, who was dear to him, was sick and ready to die. So when he heard about Yeshua, he sent elders of the Jews to him, pleading with him to come and heal the servant. "And when they came to Yeshua, they begged him earnestly." So we have this guy, a centurion, he's a man of honor, right? Kind of a big wig, right? And he's sending some Jews to go talk to Yeshua, right? Why is he doing that? Well, obviously, you know, he's a Roman and Romans didn't really have the best relationship with the Judeans. I mean, just generally, like just generally they didn't. And so if you wanted, if you were a Roman soldier and you wanted a Jewish guy to do you a favor, wouldn't it be better, you If you had some Jewish friends to help them, why don't you go ask him if he'll do me a favor? It'd be a lot better. This centurion's asking the Jews to go to Yeshua and represent him. Watch what they say to Yeshua. The centurion, he loves our nation and has built us a synagogue. That's how they start out. So on and so forth. No other faith like yours. We know that's part. What just happened? Why did these Jews go and represent him to Yeshua? Because he loved our nation and he built us a synagogue. He was their patron. Because he built their synagogue. They couldn't build their synagogue apparently. And this one Roman said, I will fund the building of your synagogue because I love you guys. You're awesome. Don't even got to pay me back. That's awesome. Here comes Yeshua. Ah, my servant's sick. Hey guys, can you go and talk to Yeshua for me? without it being said, "I'm your patron. I built you this synagogue. Can you reciprocate this honor back to me and go to Yeshua for me?" Right? That way, hopefully I can obtain this favor for my servant. That's exactly what is going on, right? See here, I got a quote here from Cicero. Let's see here. According to Cicero, while initiating a gift was a matter of choice, gratitude was not optional for honorable people, but whether an absolute duty. The Jews could not say no to this request from the centurion. They could not. They had to cheerfully do it. For the grace of God that brings salvation has appeared to all men. It teaches us to say no to ungodliness and worldly passions and to live self-controlled, upright, and godly lives in this present age. While we wait for the blessed hope, the glorious appearance of our great God and Savior, Yeshua Messiah. For the grace of God that brings salvation has also appeared to men. The grace teaches us to say no to ungodliness. Let's see, where is it? So let's just go through the salvation story real quick. We know that who is our patron? What's John 3:16 say? God so loved the world that he gave his only begotten son. For what purpose? That you don't perish, that you will be saved. Okay? So let's just assume, we're not gonna assume, God is our patron. God is our patron and we need salvation. We need redemption of our sins. We need to be raised back to life

Because we are found in debt and slaves to our sins according to Romans chapter 6. How are we ever going to get back into an intimate relationship with our God, with our King, when we're stuck in sin? Well, according to scripture, that's what Yeshua's blood was all about. So what does God do? We can't do it. He gives us a gift that we do not deserve and can never pay back, right? Now, if we choose to accept this gift, this gift is Yeshua Messiah, according to Romans chapter 10. If we choose to accept the gift of Yeshua, proclaim him as our savior, as our Lord, and believe that God raised him from the dead, we're now saved. We've accepted this. My church that I grew up in totally forgot about this end of the circle. They said, you accepted it. You're done. See, the Catholics actually still maintain a correct view of what grace is. The Protestants lost it after the Reformation. Reformation won. Throw out everything Catholics, right? Everything's wrong. So we threw out grace and we redefined it to be greasy. It's true. It's a true story. Where is it? For the grace of God that brings salvation has appeared to men. It teaches us to say no to ungodliness, worldly passions, and to live self-controlled. Guys, how are we ever going to reciprocate honor and gratitude and favor back to God? Well... He says, listen, now that you're in my kingdom, you didn't do anything to get in my kingdom. All you did was accept my son. That was the ticket in. You can never pay me back for an entrance into my kingdom because it's priceless. But all you have to do now is act according to my kingdom. Act according to the laws and the constitutions of my kingdom. Straighten up. You're not going to go on living like you're a slave to sin anymore if you're in the kingdom. You're going to say no to ungodliness and worldly passions and to live with self-controlled, upright, and godly lives in this present age. That's what I want you to do to show me your gratitude for sending you my son. That's how we reciprocate honor back to God. In the same way, James chapter 2, verse 17 through 21, in the same way, faith by itself, if it is not accompanied by action, is dead. But someone will say to you, you have faith, I have deeds. Show me your faith without deeds and I will show you my faithfulness by what I do. You believe that there is one God? Good, even the demons believe that and shudder. You foolish man, do you want evidence that faith without deeds is useless? Was not our ancestor Abraham considered righteous for what he did when he offered his son Isaac on the altar? Guys, what James is explaining here is he's yelling at believers who have accepted the gift from the patron, right? And they said yes, and they think that now because they've accepted the gift that they're done with the relationship. And they don't have to reciprocate any type of faithfulness back to God, any type of honor or respect or favors back to God. They don't have to act right, say no to ungodliness. They don't have to say no to the pagan ways. They think they just got it and they're good. No, it's just the beginning. Welcome to the kingdom. Now it's time to be raised to life. Now it's time to start walking in gratitude towards God by keeping his commandments. Yeah, I'm in a faithful relationship with God. I accepted the gift. But you're not walking it out. So your relationship with God, your faith is dead. Faith without works. Faith without reciprocating back to the patron is a dead relationship. It doesn't exist. You wonder how so many believers in Matthew chapter 7, what, 21 through 23? So many believers. When Messiah is talking and he says, when I come back, all these people are going to come for me. And they're going to be like, Lord, Lord, yeah, he's back. And I'm going to look at him and I'm going to say, depart from me. I never knew you. I don't know who you are. I don't view you in a relationship with me. We did all these things in your name. What are you talking about? Cast out demons, did all these great things in your name. Don't know who you are. I'm sorry. Go away. These were people who thought because they knew Yeshua, That was the most important thing in their life. And I know who Yeshua is, so obviously I'm in a faithful walk with Yeshua. And I'm in a relationship with him and I'm good to go. Guys, I hate to break it to you,

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the most important thing in the Bible is not if you know Yeshua or not. The most important
 thing is if Yeshua knows you. Can he call you his friend? That's the charge. Can Yeshua, as
your patron, if you will, call you a friend? Because remember, it's a cyclical relationship. If you
love me, you will walk as I walk. If you love me, you will keep my commandments. You know,
that's the thing. Before he went off, there was one thing he told his disciples. Listen, that one
characteristic everyone will view you as. This is how you know if someone is legitimate in their
  faithfulness to God or not. This is how you know if they're a friend of mine. This is how you
  know if they're in a reciprocal relationship with me, that you love one another. Are you a
friend of God? Galatians 5:4. This is one of those verses that we run from in Hebrew roots. We
 don't like this verse. No one thought that was funny. I thought it was funny. "For if you were
  trying to make yourselves right with God by keeping the law, you have been cut off from
   Christ. You have fallen from God's grace." So how many of you guys have had this verse
 quoted to you when you started keeping Shabbat? Right? You started saying no bacon on
 your salads and the first one, hey, whoa, whoa, whoa, whoa, you're falling from grace over
   here. You're trying to get saved by not eating the pig. No one just, okay. I have this verse
quoted to me a lot by friends who of course are not Hebrew roots. And we battle this verse in
Hebrews. I've read so many commentaries. Well, that law wasn't that law. It was something
 else. Old traditions of man. And if you try to keep God's grace, it wasn't talking about God's
  law. Guys, my opinion is this. This verse is talking about the commandments of God. He's
 stoned. But we have to understand what grace is. So what's Paul saying? If you're trying to
 make yourselves right with God by keeping the law, you have been cut off from Christ. You
    have fallen from God's grace. So let's just review this. Keeping the law, keeping God's
commandments should be on this side of the circle, right? This is how we pay gratitude back
 to God, right? Christ is on this side of the circle because Christ is the gift that we received as
    his clients and we pay back by following his commandments. If we're trying to make
 ourselves right with God by keeping his commandments, it means that we are trying to be
 the patron in the relationship and by keeping his commandments, we're expecting God to
  reciprocate Christ back up to us. Catch that keeping the commandments is not going to
 force God to give us salvation That's not how this works it has never worked that way and it
never will work that way a Patron is known by giving a gift to someone who cannot obtain it
by themselves We cannot obtain salvation by ourselves God gives us Messiah and We accept
 Messiah and then our walk begins in the commandments. If we do it the other way around,
you've been cut off from Christ. You've fallen away from God's grace. You've fallen away from
    this whole thing. You got it all jacked up. Stop it. Verse isn't so intimidating anymore. I
    understand what grace is. Of course, Torah is not going to save you. Not eating a pig.
 Matthew 25. Oh man. Oh, Matthew 25 talks about the sheep and the goats, and it's a, it's a,
 turn there. Oh, we got time. I got a microphone. There's no sound guy up there to hit mute.
 Matthew 25. Everyone's so quiet. Do what? Matthew 25. Who has it? Get your Sharpie out.
We're going to mark some stuff, because this is not taught in Hebrew roots enough. I know a
few teachers who teach it, so we're going to go to, I'm in Mark. What am I doing in Mark? I'm
 going to go to Mark. So, you guys have heard the parable, here it is, the parable about the
 sheep and the goats, Matthew 25. We're going to read this, right? We know Torah, we love
    Torah, right? Love is very important, right? Very important. Keeping the Shabbat, very
important. We discussed this, right? Not eating the swine, we're going to talk about that next
week. It's pretty important. Don't touch the pig. Verse 31 in Matthew 25, when the Son of Man
comes in his glory and all the holy angels with him, then he will sit in his throne in his glory. All
nations... How many nations? That's everybody, right? So everybody's going to come together.
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We'll be gathered before him and he will separate them one from another. So everybody in all
the nations are going to be separated one from another as a shepherd divides his sheep from
his goats. Okay. So sheep's on the right, goats on the left, and he will set the sheep in his right
 hand and the goats in his left hand. Then the king will say to those on his right hand, come
 you blessed of my father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundations of the
  world. So this is awesome, right? This is cool. It gets me excited to read about this because
   Messiah is going to come down. He's going to sit in the throne and we're all going to be
 divided up. And I'm pretty sure, I really hope that all of you are going to be on the right side
 with the sheep, right? And he's going to say, come on in, inherit the kingdom. And then he's
  fixing to tell us why we are inheriting the kingdom and everyone else is not, right? So you
 ready for this? This is exciting. For I was hungry and you gave me food and I was thirsty and
 you gave me drink. And I was a stranger and you took me in. I was naked and you clothed
 me. I was sick and you visited me. I was in prison and you came to me. Then the righteous,
right? These are the righteous because they're doing righteous acts after the model that God
 told them. This is the foundation of the Torah to love your neighbor. Then the righteous will
 answer him saying, Lord, when did we see you hungry or feed you and thirsty and give you
 drink? When did we see you a stranger and take you in or naked and clothe you? Or when
 did we see you sick or in prison and come to you? And the king will answer and say to them,
assuredly, I say to you, in as so much as you did it to one of the least of my brethren, you did it
 to me. Then he will also say to those on the left, depart from me, you cursed into everlasting
fire prepared for the devil and his angels. So we got everyone else on the left. Then, Then they
   will also answer him saying, Lord, when did we see you hungry or thirsty or a stranger or
    naked or sick or in prison and did not minister to you? So these are people, sounds like
 believers. I mean, Lord, like when, what do you mean we didn't minister to you? Then he will
 say to them saying, assuredly, I say to you, in so much as you did not do it to one of the least
of these, you did not do it to me. And these will go away into everlasting punishment, but the
 righteous into everlasting life. The sheep did not get in because they were keeping Shabbat.
Sheep did not get in because they didn't eat the pig. The very foundation of the Torah are the
  acts of justice and righteousness. Loving your neighbor as yourself. That's the foundation.
Those are the weightier matters that Yeshua refers to. Remember when he was fighting with
  the Pharisees? Weightier matters. If you're not doing the weightier matters of Torah and
loving everyone, if you're not following the example that Yeshua showed you to follow, walk as
 I walk. "Oy, he didn't eat pig. I'm not gonna eat pig." You've missed it. Of course you don't eat
stupid pig. Of course you keep the Shabbat. It's important. But the weightier matters of Torah,
  without those, nothing matters anymore. You could make the case that there were some
  goats that kept Shabbat. I'm gonna make that case. I'm gonna say that there were some
goats that thought they were good, okay. They had a relationship with God. They had faith, if
    you will. Kept the Shabbat really well. Made sure they didn't have any enzymes in the
 cheeseburger. But that doesn't matter. That wasn't in the list, was it? Did I miss it? It's not in
the list. The foundational things have to be met first. If you don't have the foundational things
to begin your walk in Messiah, nothing else matters. Nothing else matters. That's what Torah
observance is. That's the foundation of all Torah observance. Mother Teresa's kicking our butt
      on keeping Torah at this point. We better learn to catch up in our faithfulness and
reciprocating honor back to God. Went in a rabbit trail. Grace. You're not saved by the works
  of the law, guys. You're saved by accepting Yeshua and then walking after him. That's you
 continually reciprocating the honor and glory back up to God. It's important. Did that scare
 anybody, Matthew 25 and Matthew 7? It scared me. No one in here is scared but me. I keep
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Passover. I'm going to heaven. It's not what it says. It's important. Of course it's important. Duh. But there's more. We need to understand the foundation. If we don't have the pillars, foundation on the house, you can have great walls. Sheet walk can be smooth. Electrical all done right. House is going to fall down. Thus, patrons. tend to act out in some form of balanced reciprocity, expecting a return of praise and respect from their clients. Moreover, ingratitude ranked as one of the worst and interpersonal evils. For example, in Seneca's Axis of Evil, he argues that ingrates are the worst of very bad lots. So this is Seneca that's speaking, and this isn't Hunger Games Seneca, this is Seneca the Younger. He was an author in the first century. And he was the one that... that claimed the Jews were the ones that started the big fire in Rome, that Nero persecuted Christians over. So what he states about clients who are not grateful to their patrons, but yet accepted the gift. Homicides, murderers, tyrants, thieves, adulterers, robbers, sacrilegious men, and traitors there will always be. But of the worst of these are the crimes of ingratitude. So you could be a murderer and an adulterer and a thief, and you're still not as bad as someone who accepted a gift from a patron and refuses to be grateful for it. Let that soak in. What does scripture say? Everything that's good comes from God, comes from above. I want everybody to think of the top three things. When I say the best thing in your life, think of the top three things. Have you thanked God for the good things in your life that he has given you as your patron? or are you worse than an adulterer, a murderer, and a thief? Me too. Thank you, God, for everything that you have given me in my life. Paul, Paul says the same thing to the Romans. You want to see this? This is great. Because that when they knew God, so he's talking about people who knew God, they glorified him not as God, neither were thankful. So he just throws that in there. He says his whole point. He's talking about this group of people that knew God, they did not give him any glory or honor, and they were not thankful. But they became vain in their imaginations and their foolish heart was darkened. Professing themselves to be wise, they became fools." So this isn't someone who just acts evil. This is someone who fabricates evil in their self-being and acts on it. disobedient to their parents right next to the inventors of evil things young adults in here, which is a big deal don't be yes mom I'll go mow the lawn without understanding covenant breakers without natural affection unmerciful for if we sin unmerciful sorry I'm going on skipping out of Hebrews it keeps hammering it who were the people that were all these things the people that were not thankful and did not give glory back to God This wasn't just Paul. This wasn't just Seneca. This was everybody understood this concept. If someone has given you a favor and you accept it, you better make sure you're giving glory, honor, and respect back to them. Even if you don't like them. As long as that relationship is functioning, you're locked in. Now the patron can leave the relationship, right? Patron can leave it. He stops giving the favor. Nothing for you to give gratitude back on. No big deal. But it's a shameful thing for the client to leave it. Hebrews 10:26, "For if we sin willfully, after that we have received the knowledge of the truth, there remains no more sacrifice for sins. But a certain fearful looking for all the judgment and fiery indignation which shall devour the adversaries. He that despised Moses' law died without mercy under two or three witnesses. How much sore punishment, suppose ye, shall he be thought worthy who has trodden underfoot the Son of God and has counted the blood of the covenant, wherewith he was sanctified an unholy thing and has done despite unto the spirit of grace. Now that we understand what the spirit of grace is, now that we understand what grace is, the writer of the book of Hebrews is speaking about someone who entered into that spirit of grace and refused to reciprocate honor and glory and faithful deeds back to God and has literally trodden Messiah under his feet. Scary verse number three. Acts 15. We believe through the

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spirit of grace, through grace, our Lord Jesus, that we are saved just as they are. Beliefthrough
  grace. 2 Corinthians 6.1, as God's fellow workers, we urge you not to receive God's grace in
vain. I do not set aside the grace of God for if righteousness could be gained through the law,
  Christ died for nothing. Now that we understand grace, we understand hard verses like in
Galatians when it's talking about grace and law. Law was never meant to give you salvation.
It was something for you to walk out as an example of your salvation. Making God the patron,
attempting to force God to be your patron in your life, it's not a smart thing to do. We see a lot
of other patron-client relationship language. Talking to Jason about it in Matthew 7-7, what is
it? Ask and you shall receive. Ask in my name and you shall receive, right? We're like, yay! It's a
It's not quite the context. The context is if you go to your patron and you are loyal to them and
you give him honor and glory, then anything you ask of your patron, he's going to reciprocate
 it back to you because you're in a relationship. Ask and you shall receive. Amen. Father, just
   give me the intent to be thankful and give you gratitude for every single thing in my life.
 That's my prayer, man, not miss one cycle of this relationship for every good thing that you
 have given to us. Hebrews 12, 28, since we are receiving a kingdom that is unshakable, let us
  be thankful and please God by worshiping him in holy fear and awe. That's what grace is,
    guys. Grace is not some type of slick, fluxed idea that's synonymous with mercy. At the
 beginning of this message, I said, it can be mercy because, you know, if you're on death row,
    right, and I'm the judge, I could kill you or I could give you mercy as a favor in a grace
 relationship. I let you go, but you got to scrub my floors for the rest of your life. It's reciprocal,
 right? Grace is more than simply mercy. Grace was an act. It was a relationship term and it
was an act that God looked down and said, I see you in your sin. I see you in the places in your
 life where you are struggling. I see where your focus is not on life, but on death. I see a life of
  curses ahead of you because of the choices that you're making, but I'm going to give you
 something. I'm going to offer you something that can change all of that. And that is my son.
And if you accept this, then you will be in my kingdom and I will love you. And you will not be
a slave to sin as Romans 6 says anymore. No, you will be a son of the living God. You will be a
  daughter of the king from this point forward. You will be able to live in a status where your
 honor no longer matters because your weakness is filled and covered with my strength and
your shame has been covered with my honor. Will you accept this gift from me? And if you do,
 will you remember to say thank you? That's what grace is. We see grace relationships every
 single day in our lives, and we probably never even blinked an eye. Hey, I owe you one. Wow.
  Now you know. How many clients do you have in your life? See, in the first century, it was
  actually a status thing to have multiple clients because it wasn't just about being able to
 make clients, it was about managing your clients, managing the needs of your clients in the
areas that you were facilitating or giving them need in their life. Who are those people in your
life that lean on you for things? Who are those people in your life that lean on you for prayer?
 Who are those people in your life that lean on you for counsel? Who are those people in your
life that say, "Hey, I just need someone to talk to tonight." Do you keep them in your prayers?
   As a patron, you're locked into the same relationship too. It's now your job to give them
something that they need. How many patrons do you have in your life? You may have many.
You may have people that are always there for you, that do you favors all the time. Don't take
     advantage of them. Paul speaks very, very, very severely about someone who does.
 Remember to give them honor. If you're accepting benefits from someone, give them honor.
Give them gratitude. Someone's talking about them behind their back, hey, He's a great guy.
    He's awesome. He's honorable. Quit talking about him. Stand up for your patrons. And
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remember the one true patron, our King, in everything you do. When that state trooper came

back to my vehicle, 63 in a 45, he decided to give me a warning. Okay? And he said, "Watch your speed around here." Now, he did not have to give me a warning. He could have given me a ticket. And I certainly could not have achieved the warning by myself. There's no way I was getting out of this ticket. This instance, this officer basically gave me a choice. I could accept that warning or I could say, no, you just write me a ticket. By accepting the warning, I was going to make this state trooper my patron. I graciously did so in taking the warning and said, thank you, officer. After I took this warning, as a client of this wonderful state trooper, Do you think I left my seatbelt off, did not use my blinker, swerved out in front of traffic and went up to 70 miles an hour? No, I sat there for a minute and I very gracefully buckled my seatbelt, I checked my mirrors, I put my blinker on, and I drove 44 miles an hour all the way home. Why? Because I owed the state trooper one. He was my patron at that point. He said, go speed limit. Speed limit. That's how grace works, guys. Hey, we got one more slide. Don't hit that button. Socrates. I had a lot more slides of ancient writings talking about this. Let's see here. So Socrates says, bestow your favors on the good for a goodly treasure is in store of gratitude laid up in the heart of an honest man. If you benefit bad men, then you will have the same reward as those who feed stray dogs for these snarl alike at those who give them food and and that the passing stranger, and just so base men wrong alike. So Socrates is not giving, he's not explaining the patron client relationship. He's giving advice and counsel to patrons. And basically what he's saying is he says, listen, don't just give favors out to everyone. You don't want to be in a relationship with everybody. You want to be in a relationship with clients who are going to be faithful and going to be gracious and honor you back, right? Who are going to represent you because your clients represent their patron. That's what's supposed to happen, right? And so anyone ever have like that dog in the neighborhood? You know what I'm talking about. That dog in your neighborhood is not the dog that yaps every once in a while. It's not the dog that does good in the leash. It's the dog that will run after everybody. Run after the mailman. UPS guy has to wear shin guards so he doesn't have bite marks on his legs because of the stupid dog. And then when you get home, the dog bites you even though you're its owner. A person... who is not going to be a faithful client and is just going to eat up favors, is likened unto that dog, according to Socrates. Clients represent their patron. So if you don't leave with anything else, it's your job to represent and honor your king in everything that you do, everything that you speak. When people see you, you should be reflecting him and his kingdom. That's how you reciprocate honor and gratitude back to your patron, back to our king. Hey guys, I'm Matthew Vanderels, pastor at Founded in Truth Fellowship, and I really hope you enjoy this message. If you would like to see more messages and teachings like this one, please subscribe to our YouTube channel by clicking here. You can also visit our website to find out more information about our ministry and what we do right here. And if this message has been edifying to you, please consider supporting us and the ministry through our secure online giving portal here. This will ensure this message, along with many others, will continue to reach those who find themselves We'll see you guys next time.

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